

Arduino IDE

- Download and install instructions – <https://arduino.cc>
- Single one-stop, editor, compiler and library for Arduino Systems
- Board
 - UNO board, UNO-clones using CH340 USB-serial interfaces
 - Processors ATmega 328 (DIP, Quad-pack SMD)
 - Experiment, test using UNO, prototype using Nano
 - Require USB on laptop, USB cable for interfacing/power
- Language for programming ([Reference](#))
 - Based on Processing
 - Quite similar to C++

Language Nuances (peculiarities)

- Case-sensitive, each statement terminated with a “;”
- Good programming practices
 - One statement on one line
 - Use tabulation/indentation to show nesting
 - Full CAPS for constants, use const instead of #define
 - Start all Class/objects with Capital letter
 - All other variables start with lower case (camelCase recommended)
 - Use /*..*/ and // for comments
- Define all functions before setup() and loop()

setup() - required

- A function, which is run only once
- Put all initialization and configuration statements here
 - Configure for Input/Output
 - Serial speed
 - Initialization of global variables
 - Setup of devices

loop() - required

- Also a function
- Runs without stopping
- When function ends, it restarts at the beginning
- All variable declared within the function are local

Processing statements

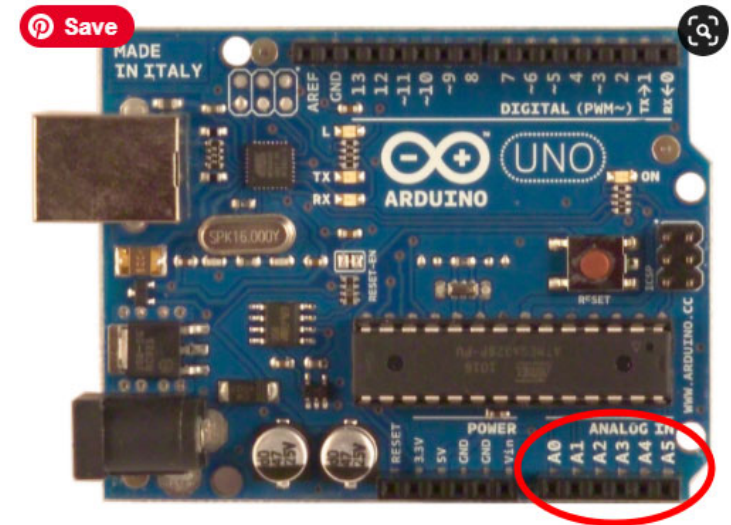
- Copious library of functions
- Also plenty of 3rd party libraries (sometimes too many)
- Condition statement
 - If-then-else
 - switch – case
- Loops
 - for used for definitive number of loops (e.g. n times)
 - while used for in-determinate number of loops (0, 1, or n times)
 - do..while used for in-determinate number of loops, at least once (1,..n times)

Digital Input/Output

- Digital – values are only LOW (0V), or HIGH (5V)
- Initialise/configure our Pins (0..13)
 - pinMode (<pinNumber>, <MODE>)
 - INPUT - digital input pin (reads LOW, HIGH)
 - OUTPUT – digital output pin (outputs LOW, HIGH)
 - INPUT_PULLUP – same as INPUT but connects an internal 20K resistor
- Input / Output
 - digitalRead(<pinNumber>)
 - Returns an integer based on the port reading value (LOW, HIGH)
 - digitalWrite(<pinNumber>, <LOW | HIGH>)
 - Outputs a LOW or HIGH to the pin

Analog Input

- Analog = variable voltage levels
- Inputs using only A0..A5
- Returns a value from 0..1023 based on
 - Vref
 - Voltage applied at the analog pin
- Example, if 3.1V is applied at A1
 - Value = `analogRead(A1)`
 - Value returned = $3.1 * 1024/5 = nnn$



Analog Output

- **NO** direct analog output
- ATmega328 uses Pulse-Width Modulation (PWM)
- Voltage is proportional to the duty-cycle
- `analogWrite(<pwm pin>)`



Serial IO Library

- A neat way of troubleshooting your Arduino code.
- Uses the Uno's Tx and Rx pin to send data back to the IDE using the USB interface
- Serial Library
 - `Serial.begin(<speed>)` sets up comms speed (9600)
 - `Serial.print()`, `Serial.println()` sends data back to the host
- Use the Serial Monitor to check your answers